**Fall 2014
SEI Research Review
Behavior Based Analysis and
Detection of Mobile Malware**

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Project Description

Develop a fully automated behavior-based analysis approach capable of accurate suspicion assessment of software for mobile devices.

Expected Outcomes

- Behavior characteristics usable in assessing suspicion
- Efficient data collection techniques
- Automated app analysis with user interaction
- Suspicion assessment prototype for real devices

Impact for the DoD: identify potential malware early enough to avoid potential damage to the device. Provide fast accurate suspicion assessment of an app to an analyst

Behavior Characteristics

Identified various behaviors:
- Thread creation
- Accessing system data with potential PII
- Ingoing and outgoing SMS
- TCP connections
- Privilege escalation
- Device root

Most found in strace, logcat, and network data

Mostly occurs within a few seconds of main activity running

Analysis Methodology - Approach

- Strace Android APK

- Convert strace to graph

- Apply graph kernel for similarity computation

- Feed similarity to SVM fro classification

Analysis Methodology – Strace Sample

PID	System Call	Result
580	Open	1
580	Read	1
580	Write	1
580	Fork	581
581	Fstat	1
581	Mprotect	1
580	Read	1
580	Fork	582
582	Write	1
580	Close	1

Analysis Methodology – Malware infection tree

PID	580
Open	1
Read	2
Write	1
Fork	2
Close	1

PID	581
Fstat	1
Mprotect	1

PID	582
Write	1

Analysis Methodology – Ordered System Call Graph

Analysis Methodology – Unordered System Call Graph

Analysis Framework - 1

Two versions

1. analyze Android apps with interaction
2. and without interaction

Both run in Android SDK emulator on a linux VM.

Without interaction: runs the main activity of an app and collects the strace for 3 minutes

With interaction:
 - leverage AppsPlayground (William Enck NCSU) for interaction
 - attempt to run each app until all activities visited
 - collect strace, logcat, network information, apk and signature data
 - can run up to 30 minutes, average around 4 minutes to complete all activities

Analysis Framework - 2

- web based GUI created, accessible via website for public use.

- currently have 13K known malicious and 9K known benign android apps.

- all benign apps downloaded from Google Play

- Current analysis results are positive using malware infection trees.

    - with no interaction:

         -11800 malicious and 7729 benign android app samples

          (2009-2014)

         -27dimension feature vector per node using SVM

         -94% detection accuracy, 6.97%FN, 7.57%FP

          - unordered neighboring combined with intersection kernel

- machine learning done by Dr. Cavazos's group in Udel.

Final Thoughts

- Analysis framework accessible via web gui

- 94% detection accuracy based on strace file analysis

- better detection than most major anti-malware engines

- Our accuracy is far better than other anti-malware with newer samples

- Majority of malicious activity occurs in first 2 seconds of execution

- Should continue to improve features to reduce FN and FP

- Paper being submitted to IEEE Security and Privacy

Interested in knowing more???

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